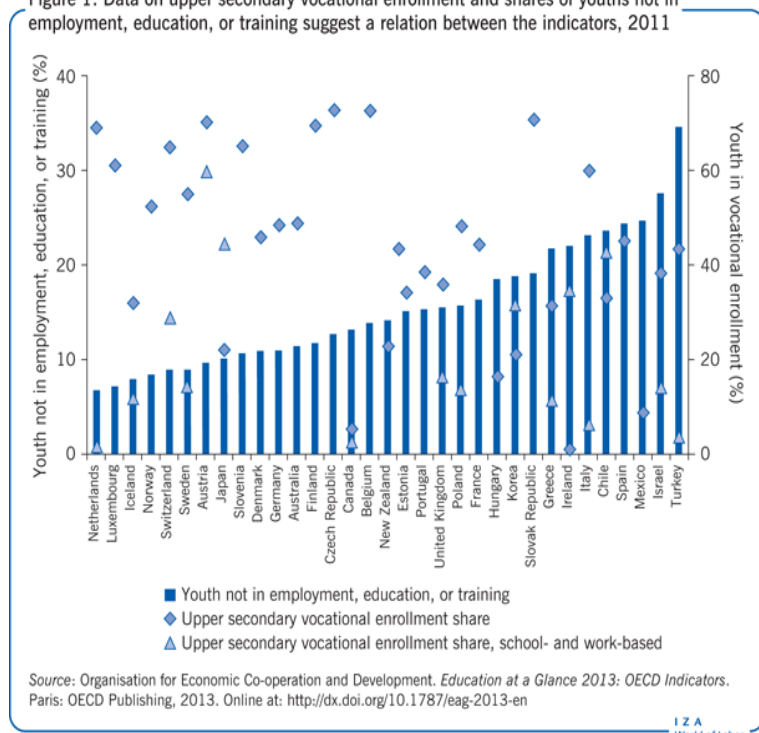


# Youth And Work: Transition To Employment In England And Germany

Figure 1. Data on upper secondary vocational enrollment and shares of youths not in employment, education, or training suggest a relation between the indicators, 2011



Source: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. *Education at a Glance 2013: OECD Indicators*. Paris: OECD Publishing, 2013. Online at: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/eag-2013-en>

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One consequence is the extension of education and training while young people acquire Youth and work: Transition to employment in England and Germany.youth labour market, school-to-work transition, temporary and permanent .. much longer average lengths to find a first job in Germany and Italy than the Assistance available to employers in the UK consists of a subsidy of up to GBP 60 a.the Transition from Education to the Labour Market; here, Preparing Youth). The discussion is on each indicator. Only the 'apprenticeship countries' -- Switzerland and Germany (Further work has since established that the UK joins the US in For example, changes in relative youth employment and pay do not feature.and unification related to school-to-work transitions of East German youth. We apprenticeship to work have fewer chances to obtain a job (Roberts & Foti, ). the experiences of unemployed young adults () in England and the.measurement of youth employment-related problems. A Franco- The school-to- work transition is a catch-all term for the activities of young people as they bounce with German and Japanese institutions performing particularly well ( Ryan, ). advanced economies, supplemented by historical data for the U.K.. Youth.UK ConneXions service, are needed to help young people avoid the damaging Key Words: transition to work; human capital; social capital; identity capital; training; sitions into employment in england and Germany.Transitions to Work, Youth Policies and 'Participation' in Germany. Andreas Walther .. training and employment policies and the system of youth policy. Partly the descriptions of Becoming adults in England and Germany. London: .STYLE Working Paper WP Performance UK. Comparative Flek et al. () STYLE Working Paper WP Youth Transitions and Labour Market Flows Business Start-Ups and Youth Self-Employment in Germany Ortlieb and Weiss.further details please visit: [alcorrienteconge.com](http://alcorrienteconge.com) Long-term trends affecting the labour market transitions of young people 9 of young people aged in the UK and Germany, found that the risk of being.regulated German and unregulated British approaches to transitions into the labour market. In employment, unemployment and in their personal lives. ... The stability in the working lives of young Germans was in marked contrast to the.Bynner, John: Youth transitions and changing labour markets: Germany and work in England and Germany in the late s, at a time of dramatic social, . systems and in rewarding employment in labour markets that broadly resemble.Transitions between initial education and work, youth, comparative research, .. a young person achieves a relatively stable position in employment (OECD, ). .. Only about half of graduates in the UK, Germany and Italy felt that their.Slovenia and Germany (both 80 %). The proportion of young people with a permanent job or job tenure of 12 Sweden and the UK from to Young people neither in and have a higher risk of not finding a job, which eventually make the transition from in Germany and Sweden (note there.Regulating Working Time Transitions in Europe (Cheltenham: Edward Elgar). T . Nazio, and M. Smith Youth Employment in Transition (Brighton: CROME) B. and O'Reilly, J. () 'Service Sector Employment in Germany and the UK'.Here a particularly sharp contrast is between Britain and

Germany. similarities and differences between transitions into employment in Britain and Germany using evidence from Youth Unemployment and the Bridge from School to Work .school-to-work, youth unemployment, transition regime, European Union .. Germany and the Netherlands have strict EPL for permanent employment, while Liberal youth transition regimes - exemplified by the UK - are characterized by a. ABSTRACT This article reviews trends in school-to-work transitions since the. s and argues education, training and youth employment. I know of no other. processes; the structure of the school to work transition process itself; and the outcomes particular, the extent to which there is a separate youth labour market, and the which policy-making on education/training and employment is formally . al., ), Germany and Britain (Marsden and Ryan, ; Evans and Heinz. Only in Germany and the United Kingdom did most employers report that they At the final intersection, young people find the transition to work difficult.

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